

Session B – Urban Poverty and Climate Change

	Issues	Action Points
Process	Lack of data; discrepancies in the existing data, specifically those on the informal settlers	Survey on informal settlers
	Informal sector left out in the planning and implementation process; problem in inclusivity	Consistently involve the informal sector and the poor in urban planning
Policy	Gap in existing government housing programs/approaches especially in addressing the informal settlers	Explore and develop new programs in line with land tenure and ownership modalities especially in the light of climate change
	There is an existing government standard in relocation but is not strictly followed (e.g. Resettlement Action Plan and UDHA)	Review in the light of climate change and popularize the standards
	Technocrats and officials have different standards and approaches for urban development	Develop a uniform development framework where all the stakeholders are involved;

		Advocate for the viability of small cities and increase their competitiveness
	Existing financing instruments are not responsive to climate change victims (e.g. non-members of PAGIBIG or GSIS)	Review the financial instruments like housing or calamity loans of NGAs
	Limited budget for housing and urban development sector	Increase the budget for housing
Strategic partnerships	Not all sectors are involved in the climate change effort especially the business sector	<p>Make services to the poor attractive to the corporations for them to invest and deliver services (e.g. water)</p> <p>Need to tap corporate sector for training, livelihood and basic services</p>
Institutional	Lack of capacity building on the housing sector on climate change	Implement new and holistic approaches in skills improvement

	adaptation	
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